SAMPLE HOSPITAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

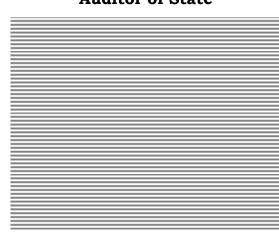
JUNE 30, 2007

AUDITOR OF STATE

State Capitol Building • Des Moines, Iowa



David A. Vaudt, CPA
Auditor of State



OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE



STATE OF IOWA

David A. Vaudt, CPA Auditor of State

State Capitol Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319-0004

Telephone (515) 281-5834 Facsimile (515) 242-6134

Fellow CPAs:

This sample report has been prepared by the Office of Auditor of State as required by Chapter 11.6 of the Code of Iowa. In developing this report, we have made every effort to ensure the highest professional standards have been followed while attempting to provide meaningful and useful information to the citizens, our ultimate client.

Audits of public hospitals should be performed in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and, if applicable, the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Additional guidance is provided in the Audit and Accounting Guide, Health Care Organizations, issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Sample Hospital is an example of a report for a hospital established under Chapter 347 of the Code of Iowa. This sample has been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The format displays the financial statements, required and other supplementary information and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs which are necessary to meet the requirements of this office. The detail presented in the financial statements and supplementary information is the minimum breakdown that will be acceptable, subject, of course, to materiality considerations. If the auditor and the Hospital feel more detail is necessary to provide a fair presentation, this of course will be welcome. A sample such as this cannot present all situations. The auditor's professional judgment must be used in determining the additional information to be shown as well as the footnotes to be presented.

Entities with \$500,000 or more of federal expenditures are required to receive a Single Audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Any questions concerning Single Audit requirements should be directed to the Hospital's cognizant or oversight agency.

In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, one copy of the reporting package and Data Collection Form shall be submitted within 30 days after issuance of the audit report to a central clearinghouse. The Data Collection Form is available by calling 1-800-253-0696 (Form number SF-SAC) or on the Federal Audit Clearinghouse (FAC) Auditees are encouraged to use the on-line Internet http://harvester.census.gov/sac/. submission option available on the FAC website. Submission of the on-line Internet Form SF-SAC will require the user to submit a hard copy of the final form with the auditee and auditor Additional copies of the reporting package or notifications of audit should be submitted to the central clearinghouse or to grantor pass-through entities in accordance with the filing requirements of the Circular.

The Office of Management and Budget has designated the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census as the Single Audit Clearinghouse. Reporting packages should be submitted to:

Federal Audit Clearinghouse 1201 E. 10 Street Jeffersonville, IN 47132

The findings on compliance, items IV-A-07 through IV-F-07, detail those items which are to be commented on regardless of whether there are any instances of non-compliance or not. Any instances of non-compliance in other areas should also be reported.

We have also included a page for listing the staff actually performing the audit. Although we have found this page to be helpful, you are not required to use it.

Reports, including the management letter(s) if issued separately, are to be filed with this office within nine months following the end of the fiscal year subject to audit. However, reports should be filed with this office upon release to the Hospital. The per diem audit billing (including fee, expenses and hours) should be submitted with the reports filed with this office. Public access to reports issued by the Auditor of State and by CPA firms will be available through the internet. To allow this, you should submit an electronic copy of each FY2007 audit report, in PDF format, to our office in addition to the two paper copies submitted. The PDF files should be e-mailed to submitreports@auditor.state.ia.us. If you are unable to e-mail the file, you may mail a CD containing the PDF file to our office. You may direct any questions about submitting the electronic copy of the audit report to the above e-mail address.

As required by Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, the news media are to be notified of the issuance of the audit report by the CPA firm, unless the firm has made other arrangements with the Hospital for the notification. We have developed a standard news release to be used for this purpose. The news release may be completed by the Hospital and a copy should be sent to this office with two copies of the audit report sent by the CPA firm. We will make a copy of the audit report and news release available to the news media in our office.

In accordance with Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa, this office is to be notified immediately of any suspected embezzlement or theft.

Finally, I would like to express my appreciation to all CPA firms who are providing audit or other services to public hospitals. Together, we are able to provide a significant benefit to all taxpayers in the state.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Outline of Major Changes

- A. Revised the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 for implementation of SAS No. 112. We used the illustrative examples provided by the AICPA which will ultimately be incorporated into the 2007 AICPA Audit Guide, Government Auditing Standards and Circular A-133 Audits.
- B. Added a material weakness to demonstrate reporting in accordance with SAS No. 112 when material misstatements in the financial statements are identified.

Additional Notes

- 1. Also attached are a sample Corrective Action Plan for Federal Audit Findings (see **Sample A**) and a sample Summary Schedule of Prior Federal Audit Findings (see **Sample B**). These are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not required to be bound in the regular audit or filed with our office.
- 2. The attached sample Corrective Action Plan refers the user to the Hospital's response to the auditor's comment for the detailed corrective action planned. If the Hospital's response to the auditor's comment does not include the details of their planned corrective action, this information should be included in the Corrective Action Plan itself.
- 3. If the Hospital has deposits in credit unions at June 30, 2007, Note 2 should be modified to indicate whether the deposits were covered by federal depository insurance, collateralized with securities or letters of credit held by the Hospital or the Hospital's agent in the Hospital's name or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa.
- 4. For Hospitals with an early retirement or other benefit plan or policy meeting the definition of a "termination benefit" as defined by GASB Statement No. 47, see the "Additional Notes" section of the Sample Community School District sample report for an example footnote disclosure.
- 5. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) Financial Analysis of the Hospital Section The tables including financial information should include the financial data for three fiscal years and the discussion that follows this table should include explanations for increases or decreases from FY2006 to FY2007 and from FY2005 to FY2006 since comparative financial information is presented in the financial statements.

Additional Notes (continued)

Sample Hospital

Corrective Action Plan for Federal Audit Findings

Year ended June 30, 2007

Comment Number	Comment Title	Corrective Action Plan	Contact Person, Title, Phone Number	Anticipated Date of Completion
III-A-07	Unsupported Expenditures	The corrective action plan was documented in our response to the auditor's comment. See the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.	Adam Administration, Sample Hospital Administrator, (515) YYY-XXXX	Documentation to support expenditures will be maintained effective immediately. The questioned costs were returned to the Iowa Department of Economic Development on October 15, 2007.
III-B-07	Segregation of Duties over Federal Revenues	The corrective action plan was documented in our response to the auditor's comment. See the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.	Julie Ledger, Sample Hospital Treasurer, (515) YYY-XXXX	October 30, 2007
III-C-07	Financial Reporting	As noted in our response to the auditor's comment, we have implemented an independent review process which requires review by the Sample Entity Program Director, effective immediately. In addition, beginning with the March, 2008 quarterly report, we will submit federal financial reports within the required time frame.	Joe Smith, Program Director, (515) YYY-XXXX	Review procedures were implemented on September 30, 2007. Timely report filing will begin with the quarter ending March, 2008.

Summary Schedule of Prior Federal Audit Findings

Year ended June 30, 2007

Comment			If not corrected, provide planned
Reference	Comment Title	Status	corrective action or other explanation
III-C-04 III-B-05 III-B-06	Minority Business Enterprise/ Women Business Enterprise (MBE/WBE)	No longer valid; does not warrant further action.	Over two years have passed since the reporting of this audit finding. The Grantor Agency has not followed up on this finding nor has a management decision been issued on their part.
III-A-05 III-A-06	Segregation of Duties over Federal Reserves	Not corrected.	Plan to segregate duties for custody, recordkeeping and reconciling among Sample Entity staff.
III-C-06	Capital Assets	Corrective action taken.	
III-D-06	Financial Reporting	Partially corrected.	Review procedures have been implemented. Timely report filing will begin with the quarter ending March, 2008.



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	NEWS RELEASE	Contact:
FOR REI	EASE	
Au	ditor of State David A. Vaudt today released an audit report	on Sample Hospital,
Anywher	e, Iowa.	
Th	e Hospital's revenues totaled \$ for the year ended	June 30, 2007, a(n)
pero	ent increase (decrease) from the prior year. The revenues in	cluded \$ in
net pati	ent revenue, \$ of other operating revenue, \$	from gifts and
bequests	and \$ in interest on investments.	
Ex	penses for the year totaled \$, a(n) percent increas	se (decrease) from the
prior ye	ar, and included \$ fora, \$	forb and
\$	forc (a,b,c - categories with three highest expens	e totals.)
Th	e significant increase (decrease) in expenses is due primarily	to
		·
A	copy of the audit report is available for review in the Hos	spital Administrator's
office, in	n the Office of Auditor of State and on the Auditor of	State's web site at
http://a	aditor.iowa.gov/reports/reports.htm.	

SAMPLE HOSPITAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

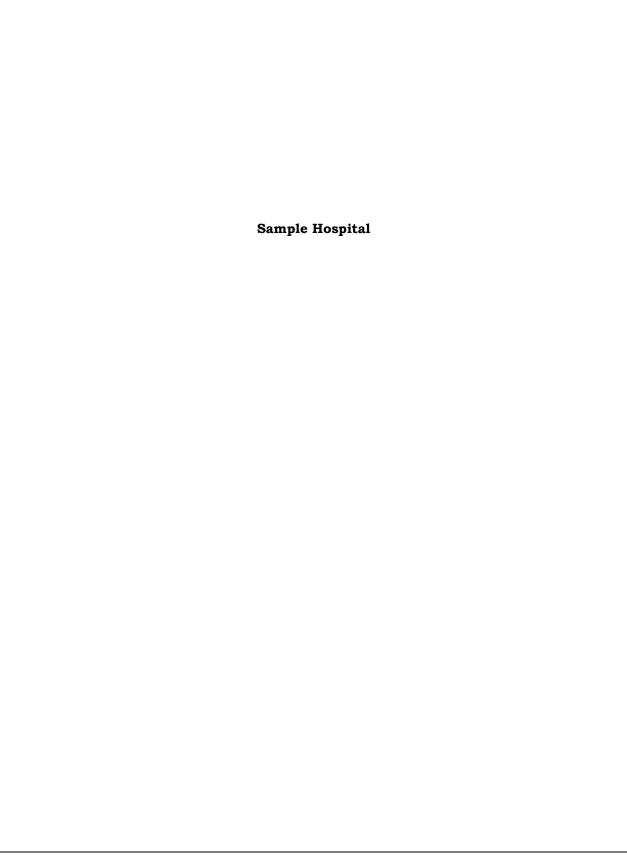
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 AND 2006

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Officials

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	Term <u>Expires</u>
Samuel Smith	Chairperson	Jan 2010
Frank Jones	Vice-Chairperson	Jan 2008
Frieda Friend	Secretary/Treasurer	Jan 2008
Verne Wilson R. W. Jarvis Arthur Johnson J. Frank Smith	Member Member Member Member	Jan 2008 Jan 2008 Jan 2010 Jan 2010
Adam Administration	Administrator	Indefinite
B.C. Accountant	Chief Financial Officer	Indefinite





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Sample Hospital:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Sample Hospital as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Sample Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe our audit provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sample Hospital as of June 30, 2007 and 2006, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As more fully described in Note 10, claims in excess of professional liability insurance coverage have been asserted against Sample Hospital. Legal counsel and management are unable to estimate the ultimate cost, if any, that may result from the resolution of those claims. Accordingly, no provision for claims in excess of professional liability insurance has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2007 on our consideration of Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information on pages 8 through 11 and 28 through 29 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Sample Hospital's basic financial statements. Other supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 9, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations</u>, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

September 20, 2007



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management of Sample Hospital provides this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Sample Hospital's annual financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the Hospital's financial statements, which follow.

2007 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- ♦ The Hospital's operating loss increased 6.0%, or approximately \$41,000, from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.
- Net patient service revenues increased 10.9%, or approximately \$173,000, from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.
- Operating expenses increased 9.0%, or approximately \$206,000, from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.
- Gifts and bequests increased 162.7%, or approximately \$80,000, from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.
- ♦ The Hospital's net assets increased 7.7%, or approximately \$117,000, from June 30, 2006 to June 30, 2007.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the Hospital's financial activities.

The basic financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Assets, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets and a Statement of Cash Flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the Hospital, on a comparative basis, including resources held by the Hospital but restricted for specific purposes by creditors, contributors, grantors or enabling legislation.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Hospital's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the operations of the Hospital. In addition, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards provides details of various federal programs benefiting the Hospital.

REPORTING THE HOSPITAL'S FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

One of the most important questions asked about the Hospital's finances is "Is the Hospital as whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets report information about the Hospital's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets (restricted and unrestricted) and all liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hospital's net assets, which is the difference between assets and liabilities, as one way to measure the Hospital's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Hospital's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating. Additional factors, such as changes in the Hospital's patient base, changes in legislation and regulations, measures of the quantity and quality of services provided to its patients and local economic conditions, are also important in making this determination.

The Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows reports cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from four defined types of activities. It provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, what was cash used for and what was the change in cash and cash equivalents during the reporting period.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE HOSPITAL

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of financial position. The Hospital's net assets increased \$117,300 (7.7%) from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.

Assets, Liabilities and Net A	ssets			
	Jur	June 30,		
	2007	2006		
Current assets	\$ 767,900	727,950		
Restricted assets	742,600	677,250		
Capital assets	1,224,600	1,180,600		
Total assets	2,735,100	2,585,800		
Current liabilities	431,000	374,000		
Long-term debt	665,000	690,000		
Total liabilities	1,096,000	1,064,000		
Net assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	534,600	469,600		
Restricted:				
Nonexpendable	300,000	228,000		
Expendable	56,100	57,000		
Unrestricted	748,400	767,200		
Total net assets	\$ 1,639,100	1,521,800		

Restricted assets increased \$65,350 from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007, primarily due to the increase of \$75,100 in restricted donations from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.

The following shows the changes in net assets for the Hospital.

	Year ended	June 30,
	2007	2006
Operating revenues:		
Net patient service revenue	\$ 1,752,500	1,579,700
Other operating revenues	18,700	27,100
Total operating revenues	1,771,200	1,606,800
Operating expenses:		
Nursing service	1,128,500	1,076,700
Other professional service	593,100	500,800
General service	338,000	315,600
Fiscal and administrative service	356,500	317,200
Provision for depreciation	83,400	83,400
Total operating expenses	2,499,500	2,293,700
Operating loss	(728,300)	(686,900
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Grants	500,000	501,000
County tax revenue	212,000	207,000
Gifts and bequests	129,000	49,100
Interest expense	(36,700)	(39,100
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	(1,800)	200
Investment income	43,100	41,100
Total non-operating revenues	845,600	759,300
Increase in net assets	117,300	72,400
Net assets beginning of year	1,521,800	1,449,400
Net assets end of year	\$ 1,639,100	1,521,800

Operating Losses

The first component of the overall change in the Hospital's net assets is its operating loss, which is the difference between the sum of the net patient service and other operating revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past two years, the Hospital has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the Hospital's recent operating history as the Hospital was formed and is operated primarily to serve residents of Sample County and the surrounding area. The Hospital levies property tax to provide resources to enable the facility to serve lower income and other residents without the ability to pay for services received.

The operating loss for fiscal 2007 increased \$41,400, or 6.0%, compared to fiscal 2006. The primary components of the increased operating loss are:

- An increase in other professional service expenses of \$92,300, or 18.4%.
- An increase in fiscal and administrative service expenses of \$39,300, or 12.4%.

Other professional service expenses increased in fiscal 2007 as a result of the Hospital's retention and recruitment efforts. These efforts result primarily from the shortage of nurses and other health care professionals in the United States.

Fiscal and administrative service expenses increased in fiscal 2007 because of increases in salaries and wages and related employee benefits.

Non-operating revenues and expenses consist primarily of property tax, grants, gifts and bequests, and investment income. Grants and investment income remained relatively constant in FY07 as compared to FY06, but gifts and bequests increased \$79,900, or 162.7%, primarily due to an increase in restricted donations of \$75,100 from fiscal 2006 to fiscal 2007.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2007, the Hospital had \$1,224,600 invested in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in Note 4 to the financial statements. In fiscal 2007, the Hospital acquired or constructed capital assets costing \$133,400, financed by funds designated by the Board of Trustees.

Long-term Debt

At June 30, 2007, the Hospital had outstanding revenue bonds and a mortgage note totaling \$690,000, as detailed in Note 7 to the financial statements. The Hospital issued no new debt in fiscal 2007 or fiscal 2006. The Hospital's formal debt issuances, revenue bonds, are subject to limitations imposed by state law. There have been no changes in the Hospital's debt ratings during the past two years.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

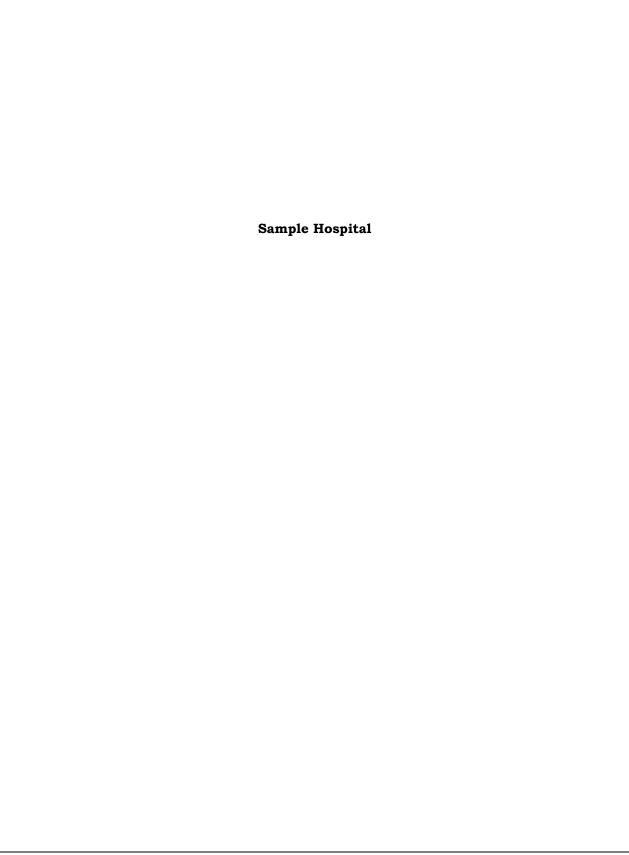
Sample Hospital continued to improve its financial position during the current fiscal year. However, the current condition of the economy in the state continues to be a concern for Hospital officials. Some of the realities that may potentially become challenges for the Hospital to meet are:

- Drug costs will continue to increase.
- Facilities at the Hospital require constant maintenance and upkeep.
- Shortages in finding qualified employees.
- Potential changes in Medicare and Medicaid reimbursement rates.

The Hospital anticipates the current fiscal year will be much like the last and will maintain a close watch over resources to maintain the Hospital's ability to react to unknown issues.

CONTACTING THE HOSPITAL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our patients, suppliers, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the Hospital's finances and to show the Hospital's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report and or need additional financial information, contact Hospital Business Administration, 201 Main Street, City of Anywhere, Iowa.





Statements of Net Assets

June 30, 2007 and 2006

		2007	2006
Assets			
Current assets:	4.		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200	47,100
Receivables:			
Accounts (less allowance for doubtful accounts			
of \$70,000 in 2007 and \$60,000 in 2006)		349,000	335,000
Delinquent property tax		11,000	10,000
Succeeding year property tax		218,000	213,000
Accruedinterest		9,000	5,750
Estimated amount due from contracting agencies		50,000	_
Pledges receivable (less allowance for doubtful pledges of \$7,090			
in 2007 and \$6,700 in 2006)		9,000	11,000
Other		3,400	3,000
Inventory		90,000	80,000
Prepaid expense		24,000	19,000
Other assets		4,300	4,100
Total current assets		767,900	727,950
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments		742,600	677,250
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress, not being depreciated		48,700	25,000
Other capital assets being depreciated		1,651,500	1,551,800
Less accumulated depreciation		(475,600)	(396,200)
Net capital assets		1,224,600	1,180,600
Total noncurrent assets		1,967,200	1,857,850
Total assets		2,735,100	2,585,800

Statements of Net Assets

June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Excess of outstanding checks over bank balance	21,500	-
Current maturities of long-term debt	25,000	21,000
Accounts payable	77,200	65,700
Accrued salaries and wages	64,200	53,500
Payroll taxes withheld and accrued	5,700	3,100
Credit balances in patient accounts	11,200	9,100
Estimated amount due to contracting agencies	-	3,500
Deferred revenue for succeeding year property tax receivable	218,000	213,000
Other current liabilities	8,200	5,100
Total current liabilities	431,000	374,000
Long-term debt, excluding current maturities	665,000	690,000
Total liabilities	1,096,000	1,064,000
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	534,600	469,600
Restricted:		
Nonexpendable	300,000	228,000
Expendable	56,100	57,000
Unrestricted	748,400	767,200
Total net assets	\$ 1,639,100	1,521,800

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Operating revenues:		
Patient service revenue	\$ 1,835,000	1,674,000
Less:	, , ,	, ,
Provision for bad debts	(55,000)	(47,000)
Contractual adjustments	(17,600)	(45,000)
Discounts and allowances	(9,900)	(2,300)
Net patient service revenue	1,752,500	1,579,700
Other operating revenues	18,700	27,100
Total operating revenues	1,771,200	1,606,800
Operating expenses:		
Nursing service	1,128,500	1,076,700
Other professional service	593,100	500,800
General service	338,000	315,600
Fiscal and administrative service	356,500	317,200
Provision for depreciation	83,400	83,400
Total operating expenses	2,499,500	2,293,700
Operating loss	(728,300)	(686,900)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		
Grants	500,000	501,000
County tax revenue	212,000	207,000
Gifts and bequests	129,000	49,100
Interest expense	(36,700)	(39,100)
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	(1,800)	200
Investment income	43,100	41,100
Net non-operating revenues	845,600	759,300
Changes in net assets	117,300	72,400
Net assets beginning of year	1,521,800	1,449,400
Net assets end of year	\$ 1,639,100	1,521,800

See notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from patient services	\$ 1,675,300	1,544,200
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(695,266)	(948,787)
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,709,334)	(1,325,713)
Other operating revenues	25,300	34,700
Net cash used for operating activities	(704,000)	(695,600)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Grants received	510,000	501,000
County tax received	211,000	205,000
Unrestricted contributions received	49,700	44,100
Net cash provided by non-capital		
financing activities	770,700	750,100
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(133,400)	(800)
Principal paid on revenue bonds		
and equipment contracts	(21,000)	(15,000)
Interest paid on revenue bonds		
and equipment contracts	(36,700)	(39,100)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	4,200	800
Temporarily restricted contributions received	71,200	-
Net cash used for capital and related		
financing activities	(115,700)	(54,100)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of investments	(150,000)	(89,000)
Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments	78,000	80,000
Interest on investments	45,950	39,800
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activites	(26,050)	30,800
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(75,050)	31,200
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	496,350	465,150
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	\$ 421,300	496,350

Statement of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

		2007	2006
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents			
to the Statements of Net Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200	47,100
Assets whose use is limited:			,
Cash and cash equivalents		442,600	449,250
Excess of outstanding checks over bank balance		(21,500)	<u> </u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	421,300	496,350
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash			
used for operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$	(728,300)	(686,900)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			
net cash used for operating activities:			
Depreciation		83,400	83,400
Net assets released from restrictions		(5,000)	(1,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(15,000)	(21,000)
(Increase) in estimated amount due from contracting agencies	•	(50,000)	-
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(400)	1,600
(Increase) in inventory		(10,000)	-
(Increase) in prepaid expense		(5,000)	(5,000)
(Increase) in other assets		(200)	(100)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		11,500	(14,700)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and wages		10,700	(27,600)
Increase (decrease) in payroll taxes			
withheld and accrued		2,600	(3,000)
Increase (decrease) in credit balances in patient accounts		2,100	(4,000)
(Decrease) in estimated amount due to contracting agencies		(3,500)	(10,500)
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		3,100	(6,800)
Total adjustments		24,300	(8,700)
Net cash used for operating activities	\$	(704,000)	(695,600)

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2007 and 2006

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Sample Hospital is a County public hospital organized under Chapter 347 of the Code of Iowa and governed by a seven member board of trustees elected for terms of six years.

The Hospital's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, Sample Hospital has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The Hospital has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Hospital are such that exclusion would cause the Hospital's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the Hospital to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Hospital. Sample Hospital has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

B. Basis of Presentation

The Statement of Net Assets displays the Hospital's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the Hospital's policy to use restricted resources first.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

In reporting its financial activity, the Hospital applies all applicable GASB pronouncements for proprietary funds as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the statement of net assets:

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> – The Hospital considers savings accounts and all other highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

<u>Accounts Receivable</u> – Accounts receivable are shown at the amount expected to be collected after determining the allowance for doubtful accounts based on an aging of all the individual patient balances.

<u>Inventory</u> – Inventory is valued at historical cost using the first-in, first-out method.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> – Restricted assets consist primarily of funds designated by the Board of Trustees for the improvement, replacement and expansion of capital assets. The Board retains control over these funds and may, at its discretion, subsequently use them for other purposes. Gifts and bequests whose use is restricted are also included in restricted assets.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets are carried at cost. The Hospital computes depreciation on buildings and equipment using primarily the straight-line method. Lives for the building and land improvements are fifteen to fifty years, while the equipment lives range from ten to thirty years.

<u>Pledges Receivable</u> – Pledges, less a provision for uncollectible amounts, are recorded as a receivable in the year made.

Property Tax Receivable – Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Trustees to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the Board of Trustees is required to certify the budget in March of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

<u>Investments</u> – Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the reported sales price and current exchange rates at June 30, 2007.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u> – Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue represents the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Deferred revenue consists of the succeeding year property tax receivable.

F. Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets

For purposes of display, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major or central to the provision of health care services are reported as operating revenues and expenses. Property tax levied to finance the current year is included in non-operating revenues and peripheral or incidental transactions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

G. Net Patient Service Revenue

Patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors and a provision for uncollectable accounts. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

H. Charity Care

The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Revenue from services to these patients is automatically recorded in the accounting system at the established rates, but the Hospital does not pursue collection of the amounts. The resulting adjustments are recorded as bad debts or adjustments to patient service revenue, depending on the timing of the charity determination.

(2) Cash and Investments

The Hospital's deposits in banks at June 30, 2007 and 2006 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The Hospital is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Trustees; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts, and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

At June 30, 2007 and 2006 the Hospital's investments are as follows:

Туре	Fair Value	Maturity
U.S. Treasury Bonds, June 30, 2007	\$ 300,000	January 2008
U.S. Treasury Bonds, June 30, 2006	\$ 228,000	November 2006

Interest rate risk. The Hospital's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) to instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days, but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital.

(3) Estimated Amounts Due From and Due to Contracting Agencies

The Hospital has entered into reimbursement agreements with the Social Security Administration and Hospital Service, Inc. of Iowa for services rendered to Medicare, Medicaid and Wellmark patients. The reimbursements are based on the costs of caring for these patients as determined by cost findings prepared annually. However, reimbursements cannot exceed the charges for the patient service. Medicare and Medicaid allow any excess of cost over charges to be carried forward and recovered in the subsequent two years. Recovery is limited to the extent the cost finding for either year shows an excess of charges over costs.

Under the reimbursement agreements, interim payments at prevailing rates have been made to the Hospital during the year. The annual cost findings indicated the agencies owed the Hospital approximately \$50,000 at June 30, 2007. At June 30, 2006, the Hospital owed the agencies approximately \$3,500. A carry-over resulting from an excess of cost over charges of approximately \$46,500 will expire June 30, 2008.

(4) Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Ве	alance ginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Balance End of Year
Capital assets not being Land	\$	25,000			25,000
Construction in progress	ф	23,000	23,700	_	23,700
Total capital assets not being			20,700		20,700
depreciated		25,000	23,700	-	48,700
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings		637,500	-	-	637,500
Improvements other than buildings		27,000	-	-	27,000
Fixed equipment		421,200	37,100	6,000	452,300
Major moveable equipment		466,100	72,600	4,000	534,700
Total capital assets being depreciated	1	,551,800	109,700	10,000	1,651,500
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings		194,000	16,000	_	210,000
Improvements other than buildings		9,500	3,100	_	12,600
Fixed equipment		92,000	30,000	2,000	120,000
Major moveable equipment		100,700	34,300	2,000	133,000
Total accumulated depreciation		396,200	83,400	4,000	475,600
Total capital assets being					
depreciated, net	1	,155,600	26,300	6,000	1,175,900
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1	,180,600	50,000	6,000	1,224,600

(5) Construction Commitment

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Hospital entered into a construction project totaling approximately \$85,000 to alter existing laboratory facilities. At June 30, 2007, \$23,700 of the project had been completed. Financing for the new construction is being provided by funds designated by the Board of Trustees.

(6) Pension and Retirement Benefits

The Hospital contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 3.70% of their annual covered salary and the Hospital is required to contribute 5.75% of annual covered payroll for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The Hospital's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$52,977, \$50,454 and \$48,051, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(7) Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt and related information at June 30, 2007:

	Total	Current
Bonds payable	\$ 600,000	16,000
Mortgage note payable	90,000	9,000
Total	\$ 690,000	25,000

The bonds payable are revenue bonds issued under the provisions of Chapter 331.461 of the Code of Iowa and, as such, the principal and interest are payable from the revenue from operations of the Hospital. The details of the Hospital's bonded indebtedness are as follows:

Year					
Ending	Interest				
June 30,	Rates	Pr	rincipal	Interest	Total
		4.			
2008	5.50%	\$	16,000	-	49,000
2009	5.50		17,000	-	49,120
2010	5.50		18,000	-	49,185
2011	5.75		20,000	-	51,568
2012	5.75		22,000	-	52,418
2013-2017	5.75-6.50	1	131,000	-	268,208
2018-2022	6.25-6.50	1	171,000	-	270,143
2023-2027	6.50	2	205,000	-	245,885
Total		\$ 6	500,000	-	1,035,527

The Hospital has reserved the right to call any of these bonds prior to maturity on or after November 1, 2010.

The mortgage note payable is for equipment purchased in 2005 and has a principal balance outstanding of \$90,000 at June 30, 2007. This note is payable in equal yearly installments of \$9,000 plus interest through the year ending June 30, 2017. The mortgage note interest rate is 7.5%.

(8) Interest Cost

The Hospital's policy is to capitalize interest cost on construction in progress to the extent such construction is capitalized in the Statement of Net Assets. When the financing for such construction is not associated with a specific borrowing, the Hospital determines the capitalization rate based on the rates applicable to borrowings outstanding during the period. For the year ended June 30, 2007, the Hospital capitalized \$1,422 of interest cost using a capitalization rate of 6% and incurred total interest cost of \$38,122.

(9) Operating Leases

The Hospital has entered into agreements to lease laboratory and pharmacy equipment. These leases have been classified as operating leases and, accordingly, all rents are charged to expenses as incurred. The leases expire between January 1, 2009 and June 30, 2012. Certain leases are renewable for additional periods. Some of the leases also require the payment of normal maintenance and insurance on the properties. In most cases, management expects the leases will be renewed or replaced by other leases.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases which have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2007:

Year	
Ending	
June 30,	Amount
2008	\$ 47,100
2009	36,700
2010	22,600
2011	6,000
2012	1,000
Total	\$ 113,400

Total rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2007 for all operating leases, except those with terms of a month or less that were not renewed, was \$50,800.

(10) Contingent Liability

The Hospital has been named a co-defendant in a malpractice suit relating to care provided to a patient in May, 2005. The total amount of the suit, \$5,100,000, exceeds the applicable insurance coverage of the Hospital. The action is in its early stages and may ultimately be tried before a jury. Legal counsel is unable to evaluate the eventual outcome of the suit. Since the amount of the contingency arising from the claim cannot be reasonably estimated, no provision has been made.

(11) Risk Management

Sample Hospital is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. The Hospital assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.





Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Budget and Actual (Cash Basis)

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2007

	Actual	Accrual	Actual			Final to Actual
	Accrual	Adjust-	Cash	Budgeted	Amounts	Cash Basis
	Basis	ments	Basis	Original	Amended	Variance
Estimated amount to be						
raised by taxation	\$ 212,000	(1,000)	211,000	203,000	203,000	8,000
Estimated other revenues/						
receipts	2,443,300	(61,650)	2,381,650	2,385,000	2,400,000	(18,350)
	2,655,300	(62,650)	2,592,650	2,588,000	2,603,000	(10,350)
Expenses/disbursements	2,538,000	57,700	2,595,700	2,670,000	2,685,000	89,300
Net	117,300	(120,350)	(3,050)	(82,000)	(82,000)	78,950
Balance beginning of year	1,521,800	(797,450)	724,350	782,000	782,000	(57,650)
Balance end of year	\$1,639,100	(917,800)	721,300	700,000	700,000	21,300

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

June 30, 2007

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary prospective differences resulting from Sample Hospital preparing a budget on the cash basis of accounting.

The Board of Trustees annually prepares and adopts a budget designating the amount necessary for the improvement and maintenance of the Hospital on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing in accordance with Chapters 24 and 347 of the Code of Iowa. The Board of Trustees certifies the approved budget to the appropriate county auditors. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. Formal and legal budgetary control is based on total expenditures.

For the year ended June 30, 2007, the Hospital's expenditures did not exceed the amount budgeted.





Patient Service Revenue

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

		2007			2006
		Inpatient	Outpatient	Total	Total
Deileresticut					
Daily patient service: Medical and surgical	\$	521,017		521,017	495,522
Obstetric	Ψ	68,000	_	68,000	55,000
Intensive care and monitor		31,454	-	31,454	34,772
Extended care		7,895	-	7,895	9,972
		13,534	-	13,534	12,234
Nursery		641,900		641,900	607,500
Other nursing service:					
Operating rooms		57,419	-	57,419	50,782
Recovery rooms		8,135	-	8,135	9,242
Delivery and labor rooms		9,660	-	9,660	9,228
Central services and supply		64,607	7,179	71,786	54,855
Intravenous therapy		33,725	1,406	35,131	29,523
Emergency units		7,154	9,515	16,669	11,570
		180,700	18,100	198,800	165,200
Other professional service:					
Laboratory		275,400	22,600	298,000	266,251
Blood transfusions		13,168	-	13,168	10,727
Electrocardiology		29,654	1,000	30,654	33,120
Radiology		117,846	25,000	142,846	139,420
Pharmacy		136,640	16,360	153,000	154,620
Oxygen		22,886	-	22,886	14,067
Anesthesiology		55,298	2,000	57,298	61,799
Inhalation therapy		93,158	-	93,158	72,177
Physical therapy		160,638	6,290	166,928	139,148
Speech therapy		13,662	-	13,662	8,270
Ambulance		1,350	1,350	2,700	1,701
		919,700	74,600	994,300	901,300
Total	\$	1,742,300	92,700	1,835,000	1,674,000

Adjustments to Patient Service Revenue/Other Operating Revenues

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	 2007	2006
Adjustments to patient service revenue:		
Provision for bad debts	\$ (55,000)	(47,000)
Contractual adjustments	(17,600)	(45,000)
Discounts and allowances	 (9,900)	(2,300)
Total	\$ (82,500)	(94,300)
Other operating revenues:		
Meals sold to employees	\$ 6,400	7,533
Guest trays	1,880	4,000
Soft drinks	2,644	5,200
Meals-on-Wheels	1,129	3,200
Sale of supplies	312	1,392
Medical record transcripts	520	1,790
Television	408	958
Telephone	389	1,527
Other	18	500
Net assets released from restrictions	 5,000	1,000
Total	\$ 18,700	27,100

Nursing Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Administrative:		
Salaries and wages	\$ 133,000	131,804
Commuting reimbursement	4,496	4,274
Supplies and other expense	840	1,238
-	138,336	
Medical and surgical:		
Salaries and wages	857,378	800,445
Supplies and other expense	10,460	14,070
	867,838	814,515
Extended care:		
Salaries and wages	4,292	2 4,296
Supplies and other expense	714	•
	5,006	
Intensive care and cardiac monitor:		
Salaries and wages	12,482	13,829
Supplies and other expense	3,672	
The state of the s	16,154	
Obstetric:		
Salaries and wages	4,430	3,651
Supplies and other expense	543	•
	4,973	3 4,503
Nursery:		
Salaries and wages	4,202	5,192
Supplies and other expense	498	•
Supplied and other expense	4,700	,

Nursing Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Operating room:		
Salaries and wages	15,294	17,148
Supplies and other expense	4,244	10,456
•	19,538	27,604
Recovery room:		
Salaries and wages	11,858	8,037
Supplies and other expense	31	116
	11,889	8,153
Delivery and labor rooms:		
Salaries and wages	1,931	2,130
Supplies and other expense	1,778	2,442
	3,709	4,572
Central services and supply:		
Salaries and wages	5,763	9,746
Supplies and other expense	30,044	23,970
	35,807	33,716
Intravenous therapy:		
Supplies and other expense	17,139	11,331
Emergency service:		
Salaries and wages	2,359	4,137
Supplies and other expense	1,052	1,288
	3,411	5,425
Total	\$ 1,128,500	1,076,700

Other Professional Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Administrative:		
Salaries and wages	\$ 49,246	48,185
Professional fees	20,989	19,319
Blood	12,691	11,434
Supplies and other expense	94,840	43,244
	177,766	122,182
Electrocardiology:		
Salaries and wages	2,378	3,754
Professional fees	5,225	7,323
Supplies and other expense	5,267	4,545
	12,870	15,622
Radiology:		
Salaries and wages	29,404	28,360
Professional fees	53,200	52,999
Supplies and other expense	24,706	21,209
	107,310	102,568
Pharmacy:		
Professional fees	5,250	5,250
Drugs	42,270	53,446
Supplies and other expense	2,699	2,676
	50,219	61,372
Anesthesiology:		
Salaries and wages	38,907	41,327
Professional fees	2,531	3,875
Supplies and other expense	6,535	6,526
	47,973	51,728

Other Professional Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Inhalation therapy:		
Salaries and wages	42,392	28,177
Professional fees	2,016	
Supplies and other expense	17,891	9,733
	62,299	37,910
Physical therapy:		
Professional fees	103,324	82,089
Supplies and other expense	3,149	3,035
Supplies and other expense	106,473	85,124
Ambulance service:		
Salaries and wages	638	819
Supplies and other expense	734	277
Supplies and other expense	1,372	1,096
Medical records:		
Salaries and wages	14,194	15,306
Supplies and other expense	1,553	1,017
Supplies and other expense	15,747	16,323
	·	
Social services:		101
Professional fees	-	131
Supplies and other expense	32	8
	32	139
Speech therapy:		
Professional fees	10,940	6,736
Supplies and other expense	99	
	11,039	6,736
Total	\$ 593,100	500,800

General Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Dietary:		
Salaries and wages	\$ 76,405	66,407
Professional fees	2,080	2,120
Blood	54,938	58,420
Supplies and other expense	4,683	2,938
•	138,106	129,885
Operation of plant:		
Salaries and wages	50,872	36,962
Repair and maintenance	4,350	8,545
Supplies	3,072	3,887
Electricity	27,085	22,410
Gas	20,513	18,320
Water	7,048	5,832
Water softener salt	3,364	2,620
Oil	377	12
Television rental	71	1,038
Other expense	200	287
	116,952	99,913
Housekeeping:		
Salaries and wages	39,499	41,120
Supplies	7,354	7,025
Other expense	764	806
	47,617	48,951
Laundry and linen:		
Salaries and wages	29,231	29,511
Supplies	3,612	3,128
Other expense	2,482	4,212
	35,325	36,851
Total	\$ 338,000	315,600

Fiscal and Administrative Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	7 2006
Accounting:		
Salaries and wages	\$ 59,600	51,115
Auditing	6,218	ŕ
Supplies and forms	5,602	•
Other expense	3,185	
	74,605	
Personnel:		
Salaries and wages	14,592	2 8,700
Supplies and other expense	628	*
Supplies the suppl	15,220	
Central stores:		
Salaries and wages	25,952	24,768
Cost of supplies sold	5,640	
Supplies and other expense	1,023	•
Supplies and other experies	32,615	
Administration:		
Salaries and wages	81,647	7 72,627
Telephone	4,660	
Supplies and forms	6,347	,
Postage	3,605	
Collection and fees	6,166	•
Dues, subscriptions and licenses	3,067	*
Equipment rental and repair	3,045	5 1,468
Other expense	2,715	5 2,118
-	111,252	
Education:		
Salaries and wages	2,379	9 3,317
Supplies and other expense	858	*
- -	3,237	7 4,117

Fiscal and Administrative Service Expenses

Years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Employee welfare:		
FICA and IPERS	108,752	88,683
Other employee benefits	3,557	2,286
	112,309	90,969
Insurance and taxes:		
Liability and property insurance	7,253	12,186
Use and property tax	9	5
	7,262	12,191
Total	\$ 356,500	317,200

Patient Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

June 30, 2007 and 2006

	Analy	sis of Ag	ing		
	2007		2006		
			Percent		Percent
Days Since Discharge	Am	ount	to Total	Amount	to Total
0-30	\$ 11'	7,000	27.92%	\$ 114,000	28.86%
31-120	94	4,000	22.43	89,000	22.53
121-360	6'	7,000	15.99	63,000	15.95
361 and over	78	3,000	18.62	71,000	17.98
	350	5,000	85.35	337,000	85.68
In hospital	63	3,000	15.04	58,000	14.682
	419	9,000	100.00%	395,000	100.00%
Allowance for doubtful accounts	70	0,000		 60,000	
Total	\$ 349	9,000		\$ 335,000	
A	llowance	for Doub	tful Accounts		
				Year end	ded June 30,
				 2007	2006
Balance beginning of year				\$ 60,000	55,000
Provision for uncollectible accounts				55,000	47,000
Accounts written off				 (45,000)	(42,000)
Balance end of year				\$ 70,000	60,000

Inventory/Prepaid Expense

June 30, 2007 and 2006

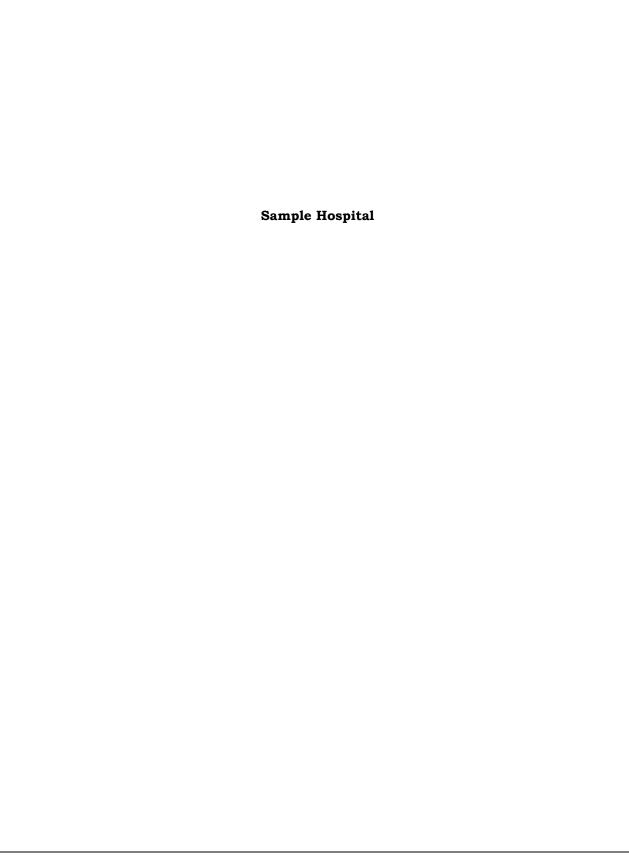
		2007	2006
Inventory:			
Store room	\$	29,669	27,917
Pharmacy	·	25,000	22,800
Dietary		4,481	4,577
Maintenance		7,547	6,065
Laboratory		10,500	6,263
Anesthesia		1,107	1,611
Central supply		4,492	3,200
Intravenous therapy		2,161	1,113
Other medical supplies		5,043	6,454
Total	\$	90,000	80,000
Prepaid expense:			
Service contracts	\$	700	500
Dues		3,700	2,600
Insurance		17,000	13,500
Equipment rental		1,000	1,300
Group insurance advance payment		1,600	1,100
Total	\$	24,000	19,000

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended June 30, 2007

		Agency or	
	CFDA	Pass-through	Program
Grantor/Program	Number	Number	Expenditures
Indirect:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Iowa Department of Public Health:			
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program			
for Women, Infants and Children	10.557	5886A100	\$ 85,000
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program			
for Women, Infants and Children	10.557	5887A100	255,000
			340,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:			
Iowa Department of Public Health:			
Family Planning - Services	93.217	5886FP100	36,000
Family Planning - Services	93.217	5887FP100	84,000
			120,000
Grants to Provide Outpatient Early			
Intervention Services with Respect			
to HIV Disease	93.918	5886HV100	11,500
Grants to Provide Outpatient Early			
Intervention Services with Respect			
to HIV Disease	93.918	5887HV100	28,500
			40,000
Total			\$ 500,000

Basis of Presentation – The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Sample Hospital and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information on this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, <u>and Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of Sample Hospital:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Sample Hospital as of and for the years ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government</u> Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Sample Hospital's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Sample Hospital's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood a misstatement of Sample Hospital's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Sample Hospital's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Sample Hospital's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, of the significant deficiencies described above, we believe items II-A-07 and II-C-07 are material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Sample Hospital's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part IV of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the Hospital's operations for the year ended June 30, 2007 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the Hospital. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

Sample Hospital's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we have expressed our conclusions on the Hospital's responses, we did not audit Sample Hospital's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and constituents of Sample Hospital and other parties to whom Sample Hospital may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of Sample Hospital during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

September 20, 2007

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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements

Applicable to Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance
in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133

To the Board of Trustees of Sample Hospital:

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Sample Hospital with the types of compliance requirements described in U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007. Sample Hospital's major federal program is identified in Part I of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements applicable to its major federal program is the responsibility of Sample Hospital's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Sample Hospital's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Sample Hospital's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Sample Hospital's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Sample Hospital complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Sample Hospital is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Sample Hospital's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sample Hospital's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the Hospital's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A control deficiency in the Hospital's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Hospital's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Hospital's internal control. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item III-A-07 to be a significant deficiency.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the Hospital's internal control. The significant deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item III-A-07 is considered to be a material weakness.

Sample Hospital's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. While we expressed our conclusion on the Hospital's responses, we did not audit Sample Hospital's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and constituents of Sample Hospital and other parties to whom Sample Hospital may report, including federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

DAVID A. VAUDT, CPA Auditor of State

September 20, 2007

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part I: Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results:

- (a) An unqualified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- (b) Significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, including material weaknesses.
- (c) The audit did not disclose any non-compliance which is material to the financial statements.
- (d) A significant deficiency in internal control over the major program was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, which is considered to be a material weakness.
- (e) An unqualified opinion was issued on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program.
- (f) The audit disclosed an audit finding which was required to be reported in accordance with Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Section .510(a).
- (g) The major program was CFDA Number 10.557 Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children.
- (h) The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$300,000.
- (i) Sample Hospital did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part II: Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

II-A-07 <u>Segregation of Duties</u> – One important aspect of internal controls is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. The cash receipts listing, bank deposits and the posting of the cash receipts to the cash receipts journal are all done by the same person.

<u>Recommendation</u> – An individual who does not have access to the accounting records should prepare the initial cash receipts listing at the time of opening the mail. This listing should be compared to the cash receipts journal and the bank deposits on a periodic basis by the Treasurer or some other accountant.

Response - We will revise our procedures as suggested.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

II-B-07 <u>Voided and Used Checks</u> – Spoiled and voided checks were not retained.

Recommendation – All spoiled or voided checks should be retained.

Response - We will retain all voided checks.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

II-C-07 <u>Financial Reporting</u> – During the audit, we identified material amounts of receivables, payables and capital asset additions not recorded in the Hospital's financial statements. Adjustments were subsequently made by the Hospital to properly include these amounts in the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Hospital should implement procedures to ensure all receivables, payables and capital asset additions are identified and included in the Hospital's financial statements.

<u>Response</u> – We will revise our current procedures to ensure the proper amounts are recorded in the financial statements in the future.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were reported.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part III: Findings and Questioned Costs For Federal Awards:

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES:

CFDA Number 10.557: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants

and Children

Pass-through Agency Number: 5886A100 and 5887A100

Federal Award Year: 2006 and 2007 U.S. Department of Agriculture

Passed through the Iowa Department of Public Health

III-A-07 <u>Segregation of Duties over Federal Revenues</u> – The Hospital did not properly segregate collecting, depositing and posting functions for revenues, including those related to federal programs. See item II-A-07.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2007

Part IV: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- IV-A-07 <u>Certified Budget</u> Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2007 did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- IV-B-07 <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> Certain expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 since the public benefits to be derived have not been clearly documented were noted. The majority of these expenditures were coded to the Administration Account. These expenditures are detailed as follows:

Paid to	Purpose	Amount
XYZ Inc.	Employee anniversary gifts \$	2,000
The Christmas Department Store	Employee Christmas gift certificates	10,000
Book Shop	Amway gift booklets	1,000
Anywhere Country Club	Employee gift certificate	20
Chamber of Commerce, Anywhere	Dues	250
Flowers Florist	Flowers, plants, centerpieces	650
First Quality Jewelers	Gifts	100
Camp Away from Home	Donation	50
The Lodge	Building rent for employee recognition party	300
Food Is Us	Meat and cheese tray for Doctor's Day	125
Cards Incorporated	Christmas postcards	90
Misc.	Cards, gifts, prizes, miscellaneous	700
Total	\$	15,285

According to the opinion, it is possible for certain expenses to meet the test of serving a public purpose under certain circumstances, although such expenses will certainly be subject to a deserved close scrutiny. The line to be drawn between a proper and an improper purpose is very thin.

The gift certificates for employees noted above were not accounted for through the regular payroll system and, therefore, the appropriate federal and state taxes were not withheld and the appropriate employer's share of FICA and IPERS was not paid.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Board of Trustees should thoroughly consider and document the public purpose and propriety of these expenses or if appropriate, request reimbursement. If the practice is continued, the Hospital should establish written policies and procedures, including requirements for proper documentation. Expenditures of this nature, if allowed, should be clearly identified in the accounting records.

<u>Response</u> – We will establish written policies and document the public purpose in the future.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2007

- IV-C-07 <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of Hospital money for travel expenses of spouses of Hospital officials and/or employees were noted.
- IV-D-07 <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the Hospital and Hospital officials are detailed as follows:

Name, Title, and	Transaction	
Business Connection	Description	Amount
Samuel Smith, Board Chairperson,		
spouse of owner of Smith		
and Jones Physical Therapy, LLP	Services	\$ 2,245

This transaction appears to violate Chapter 347.9 of the Code of Iowa which limits a trustee with special medical privileges from receiving direct or indirect compensation from a county public hospital or compensation from a person contracting for services with the hospital to not more than \$1,500 in a fiscal year.

Recommendation - The Board should consult legal counsel regarding this matter.

Response - We will consult our attorney.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- IV-E-07 <u>Board Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Board minutes but were not.
- IV-F-07 <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapters 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Hospital's investment policy were noted.
- IV-G-07 Publication of Bills Allowed and Salaries Chapter 347.13(14) of the Code of Iowa states "There shall be published quarterly in each of the official newspapers of the county as selected by the board of supervisors pursuant to section 349.1 the schedule of bills allowed and there shall be published annually in such newspapers the schedule of salaries paid by job classification and category..." The Hospital did not publish a schedule of bills allowed or a schedule of salaries paid as required by the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Hospital should publish the schedule of bills allowed and salaries by job classification in accordance with Chapter 347.13(14) of the Code of Iowa and a Supreme Court decision dated September 18, 1996.

<u>Response</u> – The Hospital will comply with the publishing requirements set forth in Chapter 347.13(14) of the Code of Iowa and the Supreme Court Case dated September 18, 1996.

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response accepted.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended June 30, 2007

IV-H-07 <u>Economic Development</u> – During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Hospital paid \$25,000 to the Sample County Development Corporation which may not be an appropriate expenditure of public funds since the public benefits to be derived have not been clearly documented.

According to Chapter 15A of the Code of Iowa and an Attorney General's opinion dated August 28, 1986, government financing of economic development may, in appropriate circumstances, serve a public purpose. The opinion advises the governing body to evaluate the public benefits to be obtained and discusses the specific criteria to be considered in documenting public purpose.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The Board should evaluate and document the public purpose served by these expenditures before authorizing further payments and should require the Development Corporation to provide documentation of how the funds were used to accomplish economic development activities.

Response – We will document the public purpose in the future.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

Staff

This audit was performed by:
Rhonda M. Greene, CPA, Manager
James L. Smith, CPA, Senior Auditor
Addison R. Schmitz, CPA, Assistant Auditor

Andrew E. Nielsen, CPA Deputy Auditor of State